



>< AVD TECH FEST

hosted by control ^{UP} 





Turbocharge Your Cloud Desktops: The Many Shades of VDI User Experience

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CLOUD PC

Security

Flexibility

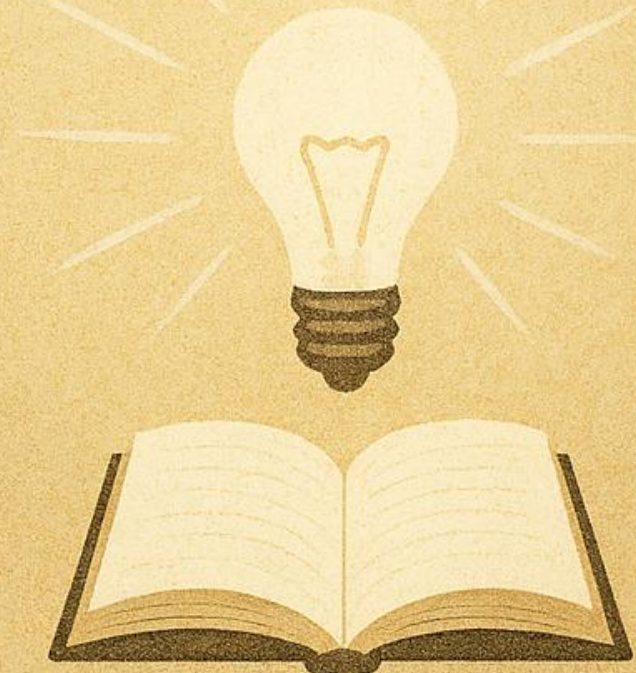
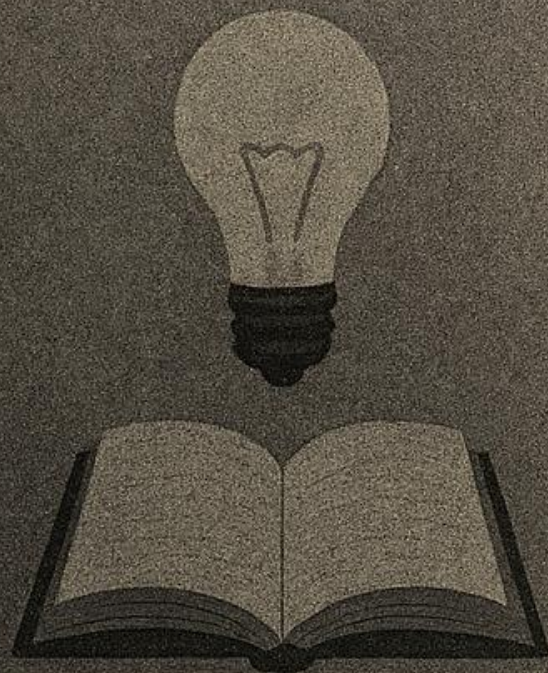
Management

Cost



Admin: From Expert to Generalist

The Shades of Knowledge





EUC
“Admin Experience”
Hard Metrics
Scores



DEX
“User Experience”
Soft Metrics
Shades

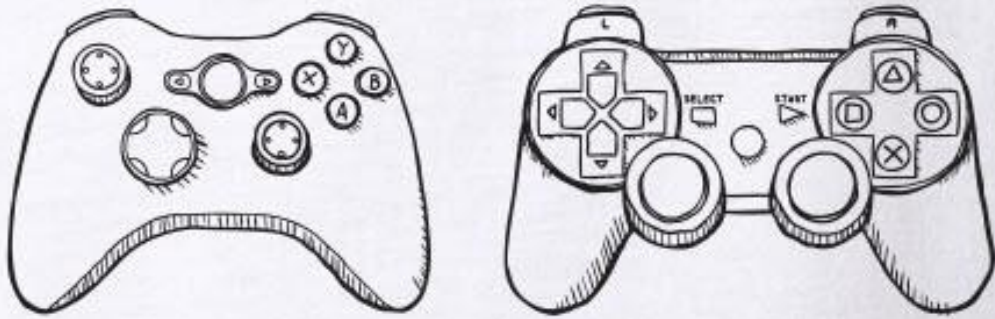


What Can Go Wrong?
The Many Shades of User Experience

VIDEO GAMES

DON'T MAKE

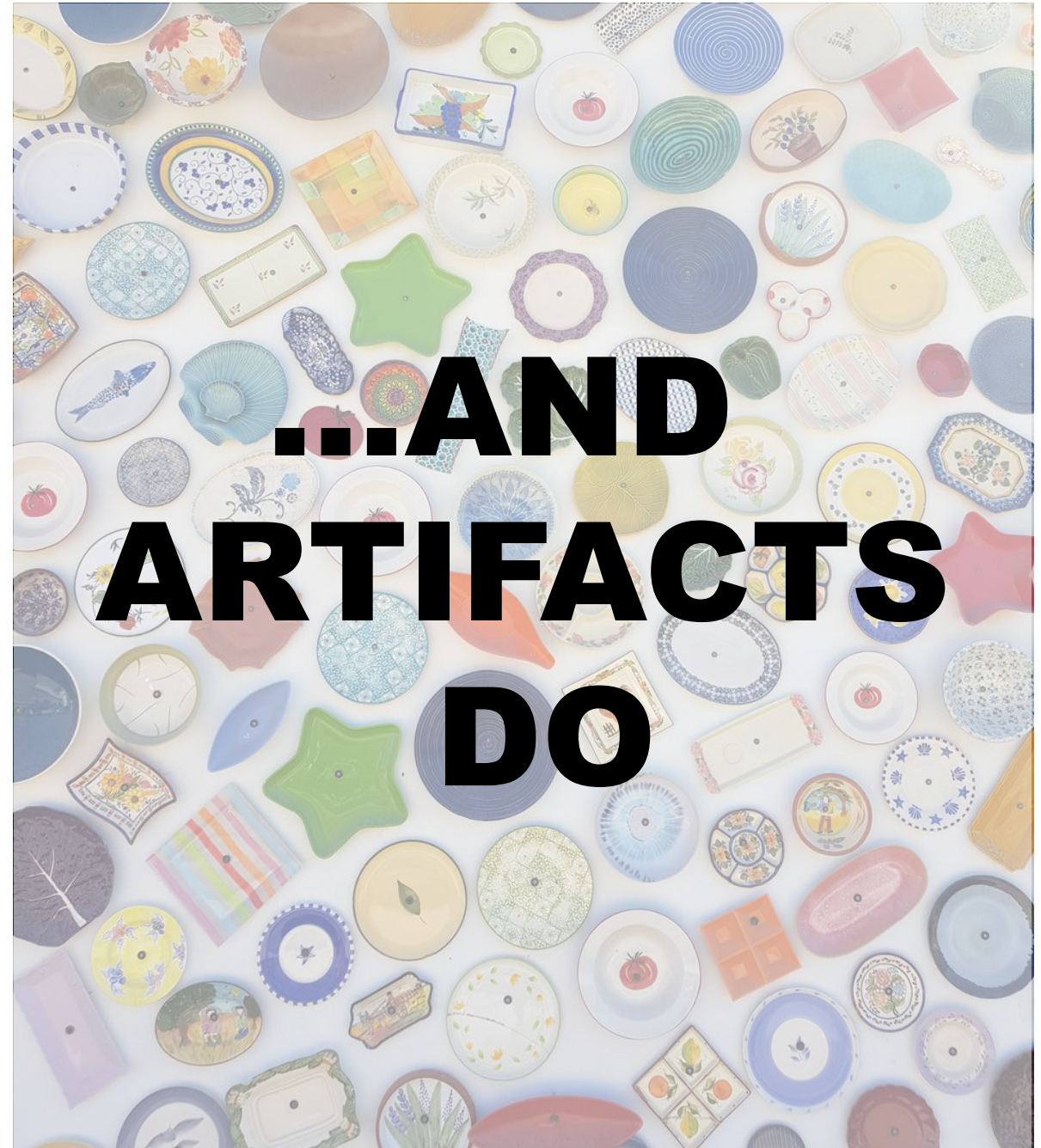
US VIOLENT



LAG DOES

ENTERTAINMENT WEEKLY
COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

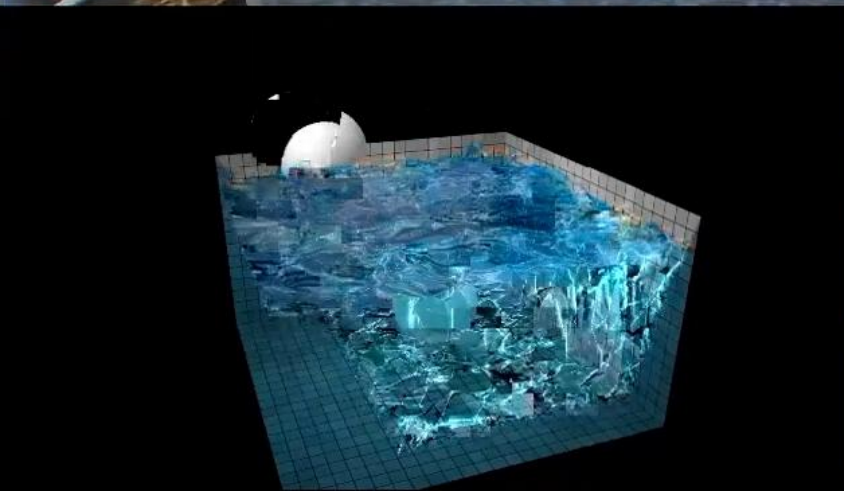
**...AND
ARTIFACTS
DO**



Block Artifacts or Tiling



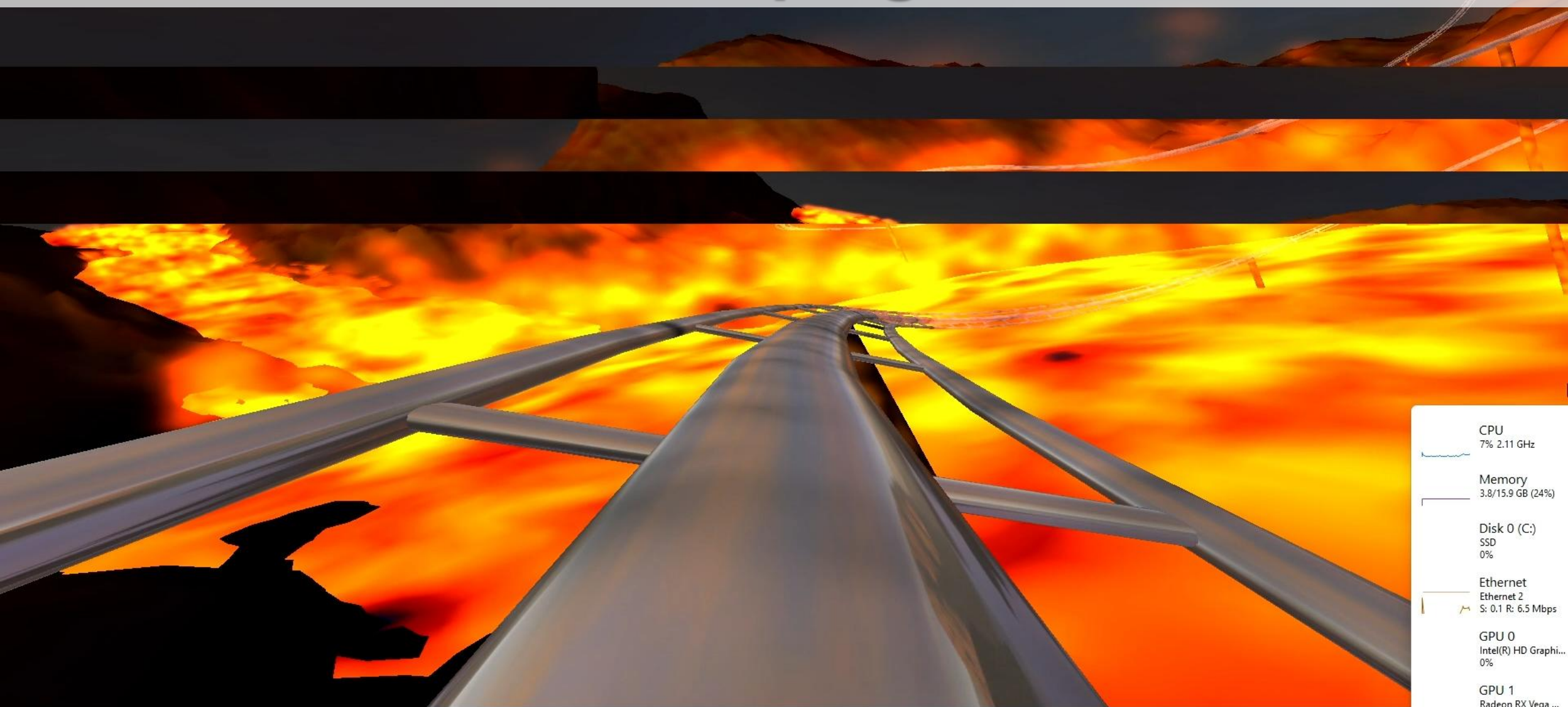
Smear Artifacts (Airbrush Effect)





Striping

EUC Score for AWS
<https://aws.amazon.com/>
SL1-RollercoasterDX9



CPU
7% 2.11 GHz

Memory
3.8/15.9 GB (24%)

Disk 0 (C:)
SSD
0%

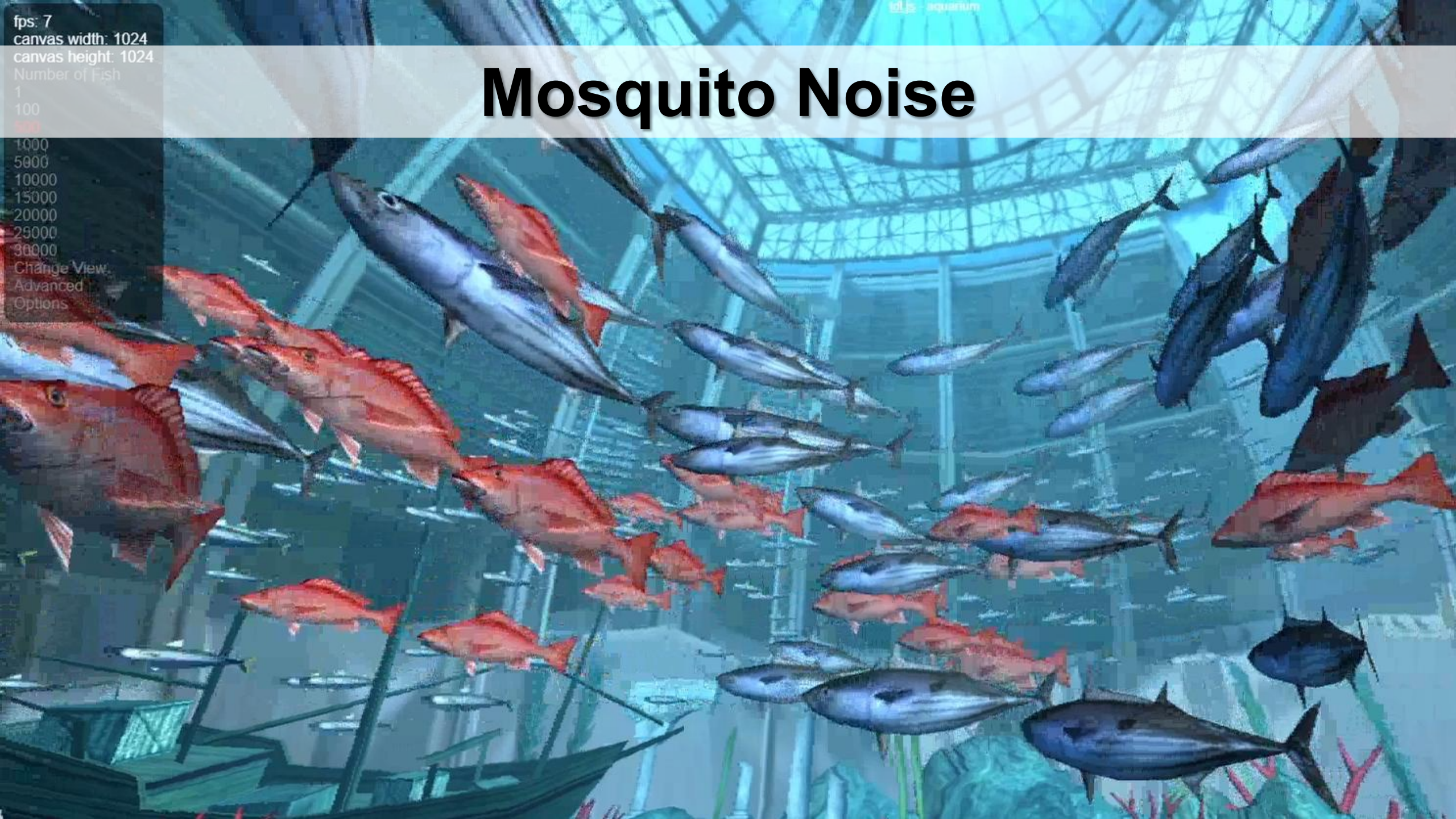
Ethernet
Ethernet 2
S: 0.1 R: 6.5 Mbps

GPU 0
Intel(R) HD Graphi...
0%

GPU 1
Radeon RX Vega ...
1% (47 °C)

Blurriness





fps: 7
canvas width: 1024
canvas height: 1024
Number of Fish
1
100
500
1000
5000
10000
15000
20000
25000
30000
Change View
Advanced
Options

Mosquito Noise

Color Artifacts (CLUT)

Remoting Protocol Features

Remoting protocols run on top of the Internet Protocol (IP), using Transmission Control Protocol (TCP), User Datagram Protocol (UDP) or a combination a TCP and UDP for different aspects of remoting. While older remoting protocols only used TCP, the modern ones use UDP for the graphics remoting aspect.

TCP is a connection-oriented protocol providing high reliability through error checking, congestion control and a built-in mechanism that rearranges data packets in the order specified. It also guarantees that all data remains intact in the packets transferred. But all this makes TCP relatively heavy-weight, significantly reducing graphics remoting performance on low bandwidth and high latency/packet loss networks.

UDP is a connectionless protocol that provides high performance but lacks the reliability of TCP. It is often used for real-time applications where speed is more important than reliability. In the context of remoting, UDP is used for the graphics data transfer, while TCP is used for the control and management data.

Even though there is more than one remoting protocol, in particular when it comes to extensibility. The concept of virtual channels provides a way to establish separate streams of data communication while taking advantage of the remote session communication already established. Many remoting protocols use virtual channels to add functions that allow a strict separation from the core features or are not yet specified in the protocol. They represent a platform that future developments can be based on without having to modify the communication methods between host and clients. Examples for virtual channel use cases are joint client and server clipboards or redirecting print jobs to local client printers.

Other notable remoting protocol features include bi-directional audio transmission, client-side cursor acceleration, and local device redirection. These features allow for a more seamless and interactive remote session experience.

Client Side Rendering versus Host Side Rendering

In a graphics remoting environment, the Windows desktop, including its applications is rendered in a



Motion Screen Artifacts / Anomalies



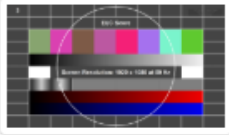
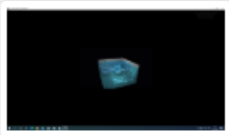
- Choppy, laggy, jumpy, jerky, stuttering (“micro stutters”) – the motion appears uneven, irregular, or discontinuous
- Jitter – loss of transmitted image or video data
- Freeze frame – a single frame forming a motionless image from a video
- Slow motion – playing back video more slowly than it was made or recorded
- Ringing, echoing, ghosting – a repeating pattern of lines or waves that appear around sharp corners and edges
- Floating – illusory motion in certain regions while the surrounding areas remain static
- Flickering – fine-grain flickering and coarse-grain flickering

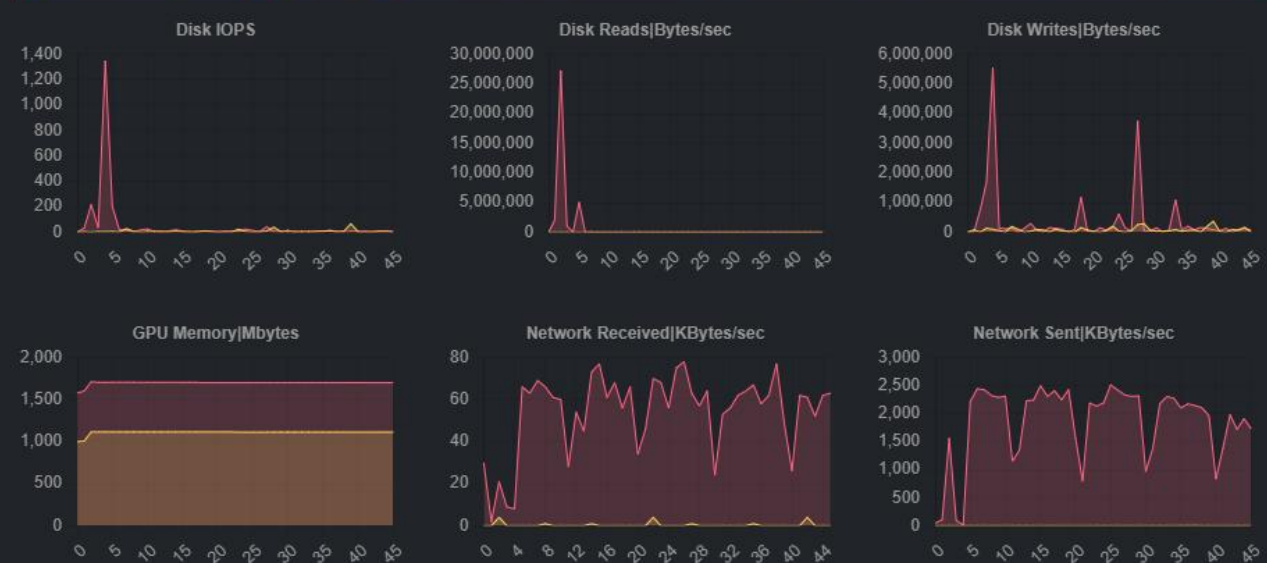
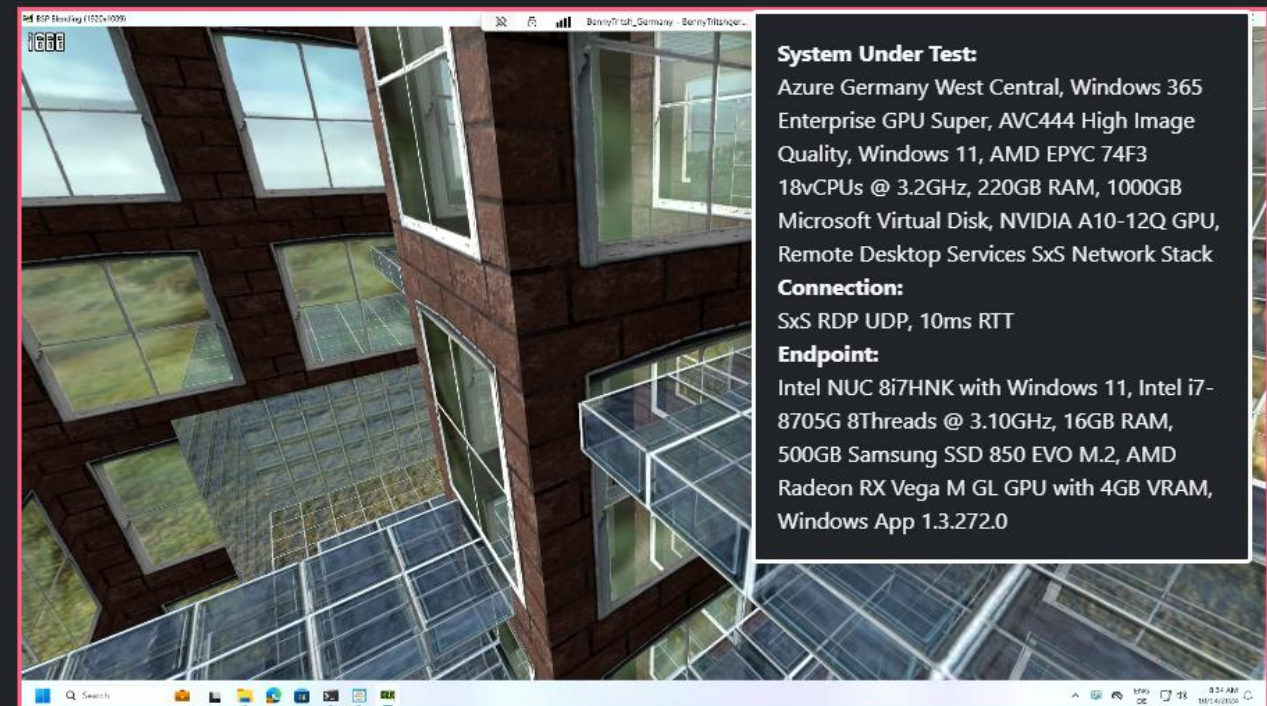
Advice 1

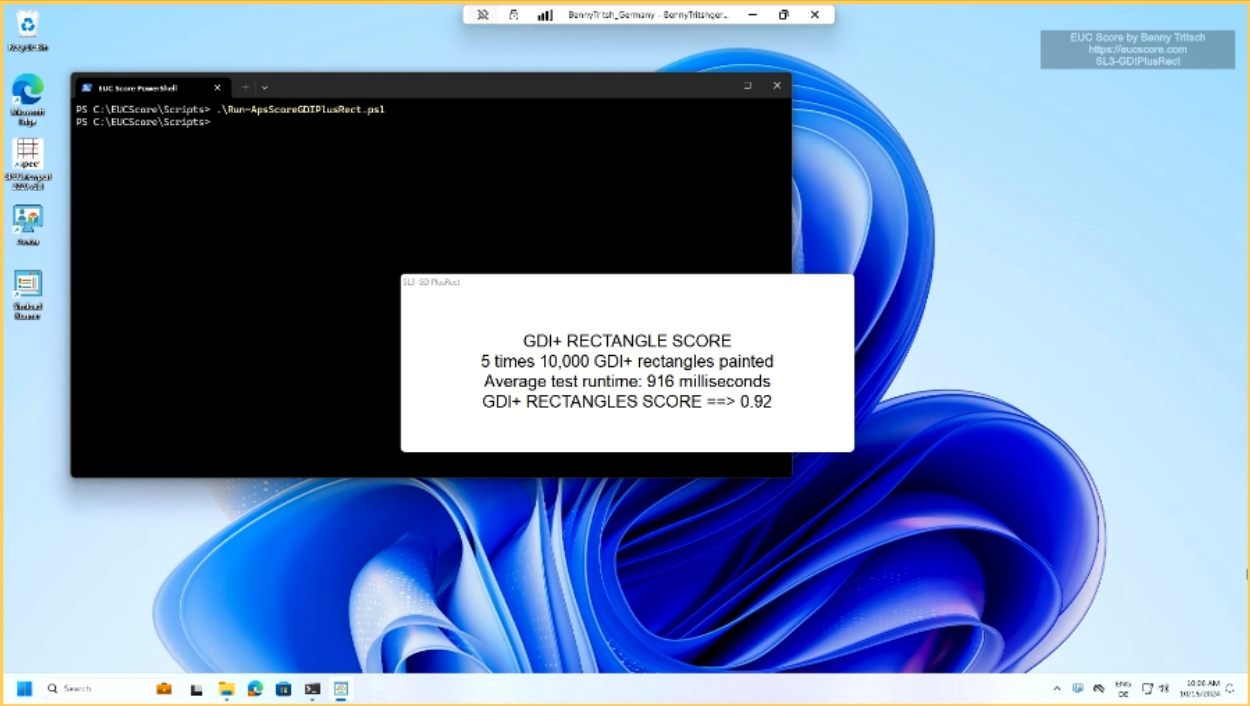
Optimize your Cloud PCs so that all relevant application types behave the same as on physical machines (if possible)

“Like Local”

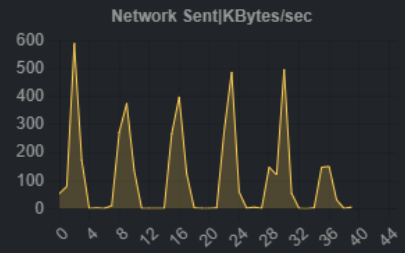
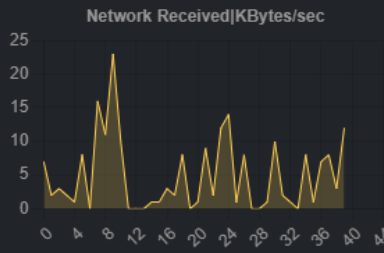
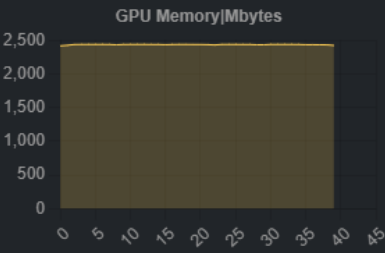
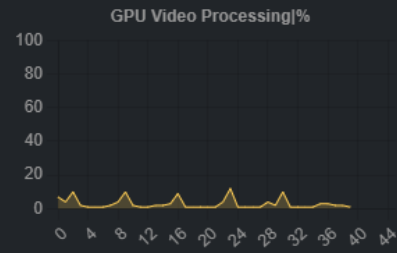
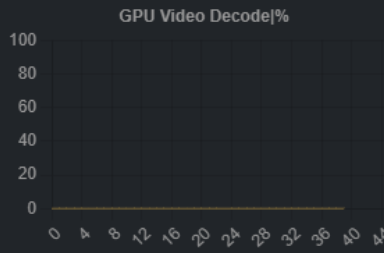
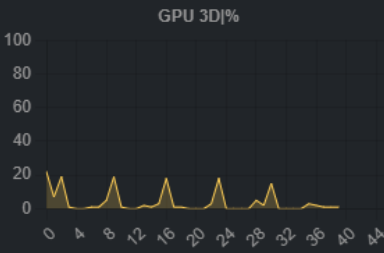
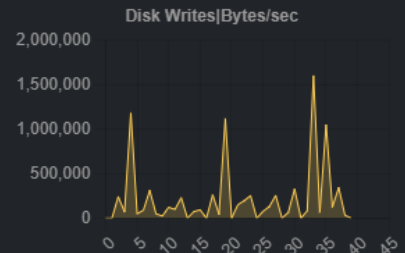
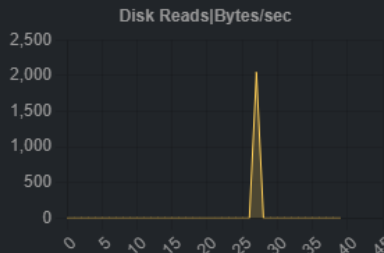
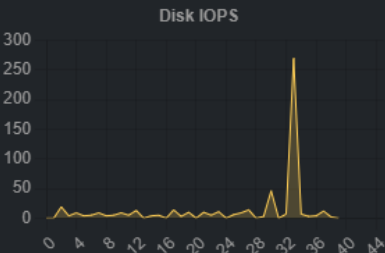
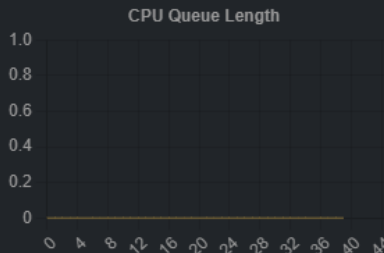
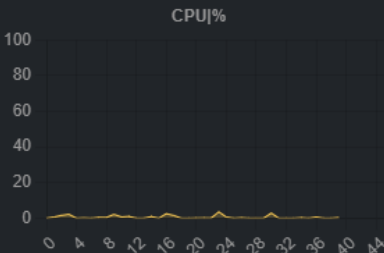
Workloads representing different app types

Thumbnail	Simload Type	Description
	System Light user type SL0-System folder	SL0-TestScreen Open an animated test pattern screen and save system information in the EUCScore\Results folder. The system information can be used to document the system under test.
	Primary Light user type SL1-Base folder	SL1-NotepadEdit Open Notepad2 and start writing a novel with random type speed. The Notepad2 executable is located in the EUCScore\Data\Bin\Notepad2\ folder.
	Primary Light user type SL1-Base folder	SL1-NotepadMove Open Notepad2 and move the application window randomly across the screen. The Notepad2 executable is located in the EUCScore\Data\Bin\Notepad2\ folder.
	Primary Light user type SL1-Base folder	SL1-WordpadScroll (deprecated) Open local DOCX file with PNG images in Microsoft Wordpad and randomly move pages up and down every second. NOTE: WordPad will be removed from all editions of Windows starting in Windows 11, version 24H2 and Windows Server 2025.
	Primary Light user type SL1-JPEGView folder	SL1-JPEGViewStatic Open JPEG image in JPEG View. The executable is located in the EUCScore\Simloads\SL1-JPEGView\Bin\JPEGView64\ folder. NOTE: This is the most basic Simload as it includes neither animations nor user interactions.
	Primary Medium user type SL1-JPEGView folder	SL1-JPEGViewAnim Open animated GIF image in JPEG View. The executable is located in the EUCScore\Simloads\SL1-JPEGView\Bin\JPEGView64\ folder.





00:00:00.000 Date: 2024/10/15 | Time: 10:05:39.601 | AppName:
00:00:00.000 Simload: SL3-GDIPlusRect | Computername: CPC-Benny-HOV0M | Username: BennyTritshgermany
00:00:00.000 Number of Monitors: 1 | Default Monitor: 1 (0 | 0 | 1920 | 1080)
00:00:00.000 Pre-Simload countdown screen was visible for 1 sec
00:00:00.000 Delay between Simload start time and activity log start time: 1.091 sec
00:00:01.108 SL3-GDIPlusRect: Primary temporary data object created in the registry
00:00:01.111 Run action initiated
00:00:01.116 Paint area for rectangles is 0 0 1920 1080
00:00:01.120 Run #1: Start painting 10000 GDI+ rectangles
00:00:02.067 Run #1: Time to paint 10000 GDI+ rectangles is 943 milliseconds
00:00:08.091 Run #2: Start painting 10000 GDI+ rectangles
00:00:08.994 Run #2: Time to paint 10000 GDI+ rectangles is 901 milliseconds
00:00:15.016 Run #3: Start painting 10000 GDI+ rectangles
00:00:15.914 Run #3: Time to paint 10000 GDI+ rectangles is 896 milliseconds
00:00:21.931 Run #4: Start painting 10000 GDI+ rectangles
00:00:22.831 Run #4: Time to paint 10000 GDI+ rectangles is 899 milliseconds
00:00:28.854 Run #5: Start painting 10000 GDI+ rectangles
00:00:29.797 Run #5: Time to paint 10000 GDI+ rectangles is 941 milliseconds
00:00:35.818 Average time to paint 10000 GDI+ rectangles is 916 milliseconds
00:00:35.819 GDI+ RECTANGLES SCORE ==> 0.92



Score Simload Results



C D E F G H J K L M

Test Sequence	Date	App Dialog	App Start	GDI Rectangles	IOPS	User Profile Large	User Profile Small		Apps	GDI	Storage		Overall
		◀better	◀better	◀better	◀better	◀better	◀better		better▶	better▶	better▶		better▶
Lancelot 8 Intel CPU Cores / 16 Threads RTX 4060 GPU Physical	2025-06	0.28	0.74	0.73	1.97	4.68	1.50		4.92	6.85	3.79		5.19
NUC15Pro 16 Intel Cores Arc 140T GPU Physical	2025-06	0.30	0.63	0.56	0.79	2.51	1.11		4.92	8.93	7.66		7.17
CPC 4 AMD vCPUs RDP	2025-06	0.30	0.63	1.21	9.39	8.66	2.67		4.92	4.13	1.41		3.49
CPC 8 Intel vCPUs RDP	2025-06	0.30	0.60	1.23	6.23	7.46	2.52		5.00	4.07	1.70		3.59
Win365GPUSuper-High 18 AMD vCPUs A10-12Q GPU RDP	2024-10	0.28	0.61	0.90	6.35	7.24	2.25		5.21	5.56	1.80		4.19
Win365GPUSuper-Medium 18 AMD vCPUs A10-12Q GPU RDP	2024-10	0.28	0.60	0.88					5.24	5.68	1.80		4.24
Win365GPUSStd 12 AMD vCPUs A10-8Q GPU RDP	2024-09	0.29	0.64	0.91	5.82	8.99	2.13		5.01	5.49	1.85		4.12
Win365GPUSStd NoAVC444 12 AMD vCPUs A10-8Q GPU RDP	2024-08	0.28	0.60	0.89	4.84	8.93	2.21		5.24	5.62	1.96		4.27
Azure NC4as_T4_v3 4 AMD vGPUs T4 GPU PColP	2024-08	0.29	0.89	1.60	23.80	15.29	3.54		4.57	3.13	0.86		2.85
AVD D2asv5 2 AMD vGPUs RDP	2024-07	0.31	0.62	1.58	8.69	6.99	2.73		4.84	3.16	1.48		3.16
Windows 365 Enterprise 2 vCPUs RDP	2023-10	0.36	0.78	2.04	13.83				4.06	2.45	1.45		2.65
Lancelot 8 Intel CPU Cores / 16 Threads NoGPU RDP	2023-09	0.30	0.61	0.88	2.43				4.97	5.68	8.23		6.29
Lancelot 8 Intel CPU Cores / 16 Threads M5000 GPU RDP	2023-09	0.30	0.61	0.73	2.93				4.97	6.85	6.83		6.22
AVD D8adv5 8 AMD vCPUs RDP	2023-09	0.31	0.57	1.10	9.03				4.98	4.55	2.21		3.91
AVD NC8asT4v3 8 AMD vCPUs T4 GPU RDP	2023-09	0.28	0.62	1.26	10.72				5.18	3.97	1.87		3.67
AVD NV6adsA10v5 6 AMD vCPUs A10-4Q GPU RDP	2023-09	0.28	0.58	0.83	12.32				5.30	6.02	1.62		4.31
Windows 365 Business 2 AMD vCPUs RDP	2023-09	0.33	0.69	1.98	14.67				4.48	2.53	1.36		2.79
NUC2 4 Intel CPU Cores / 8 Threads Radeon RX Vega GPU Physical	2023-01	0.30	0.74	1.27	2.84				4.68	3.94	7.04		5.22
Reference		0.15	0.30	0.50	0.55	2.50	1.00		10.00	10.00	10.07		10.02

$$J = (1/C) + (1/D)$$

$$K = 1/E * 5$$

$$L = (1/F*4)+(1/G*2)+(1/H*2)$$

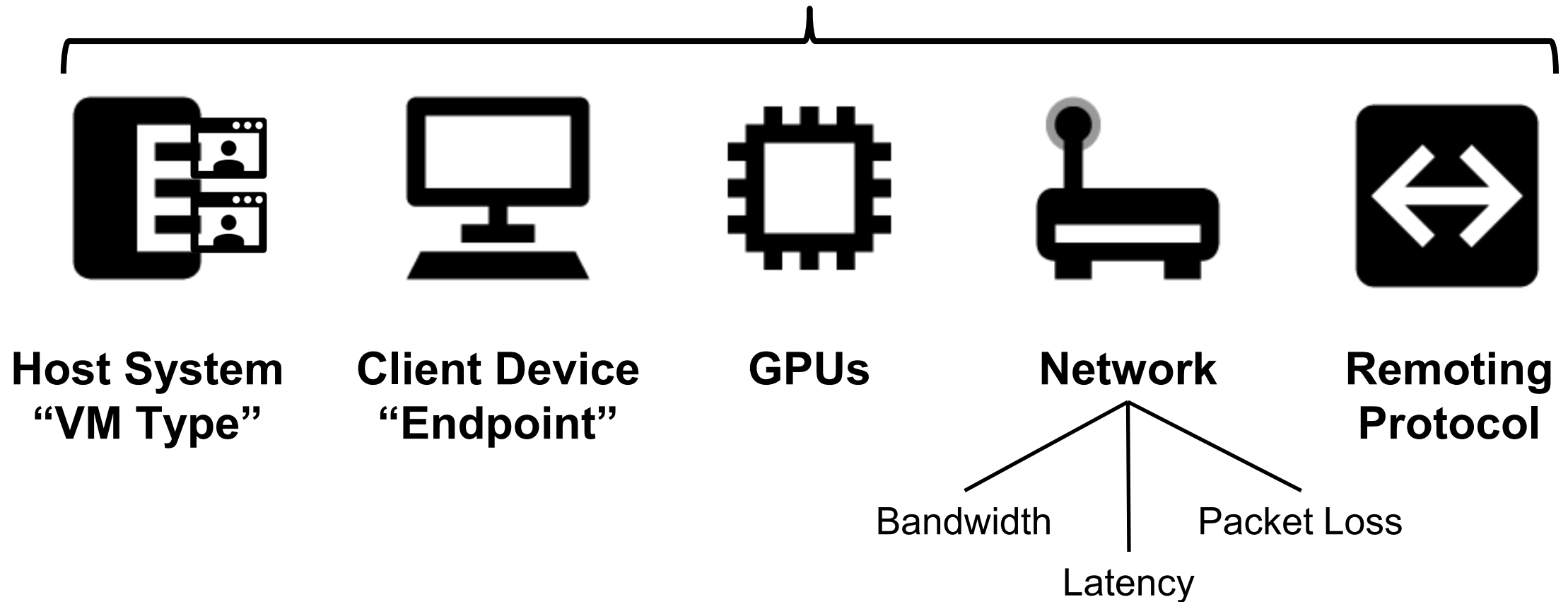
$$M = (J+K+L)/3$$

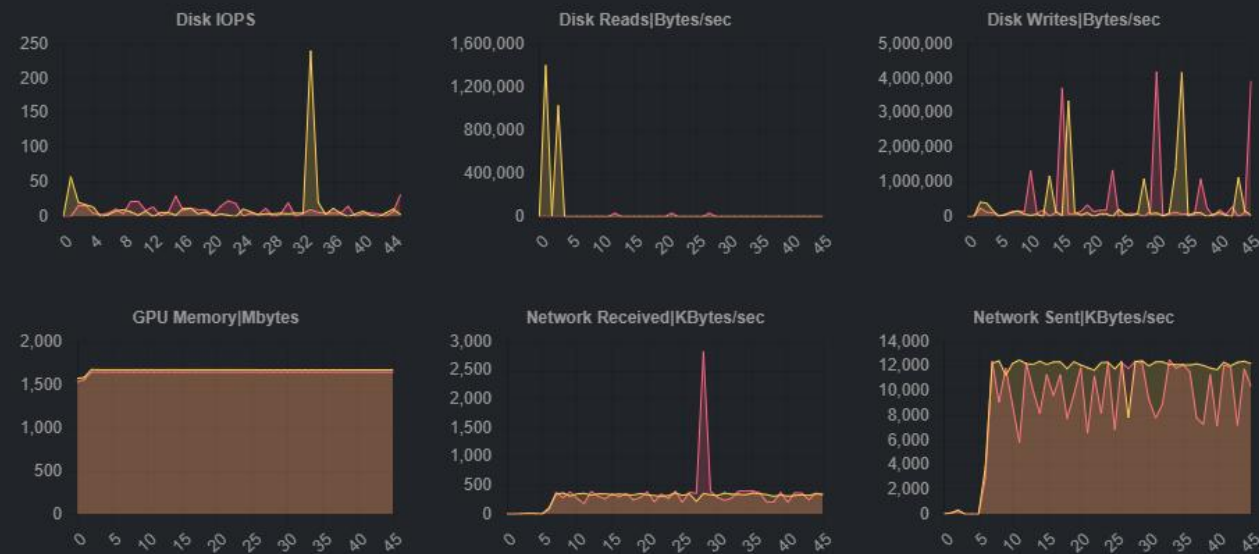
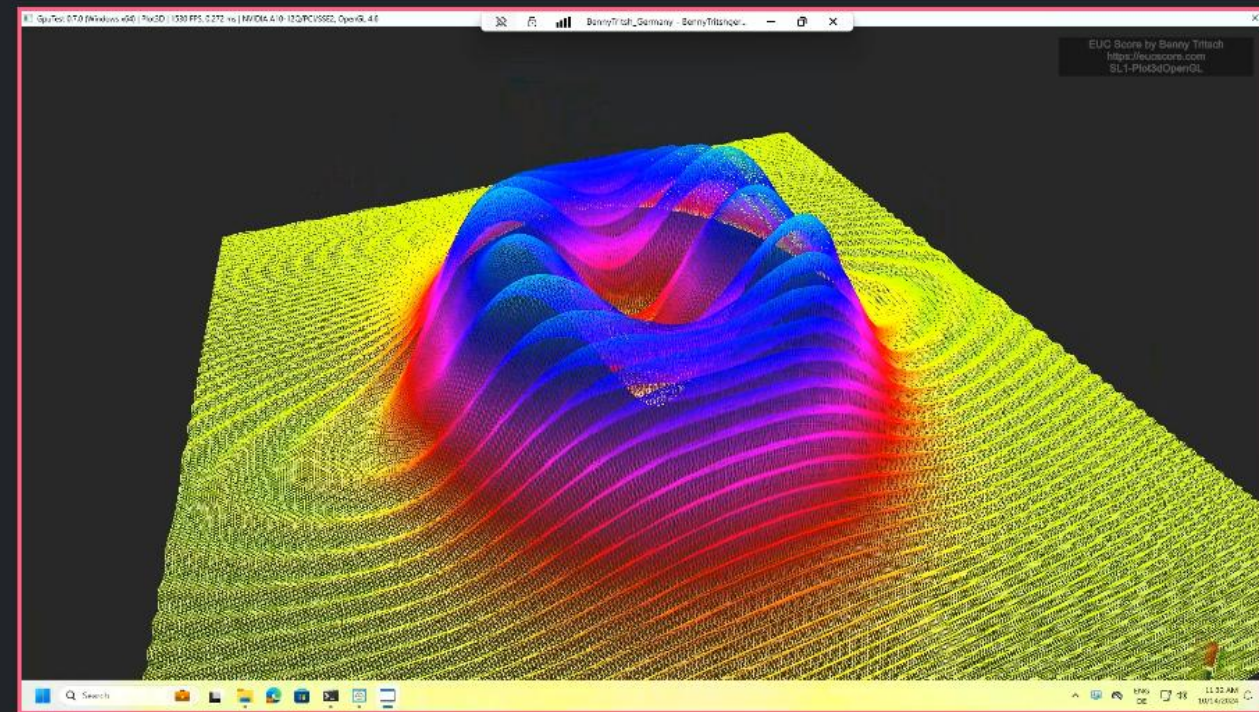
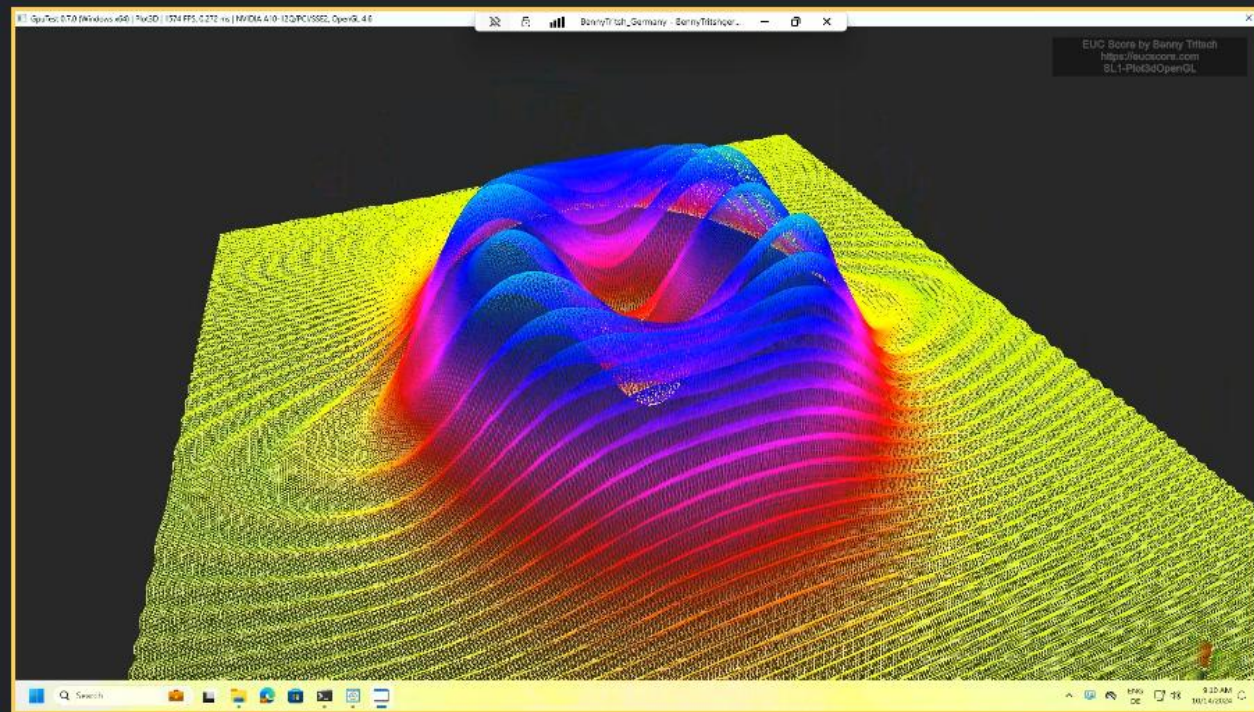
Advice 2

Understand that bandwidth is not the only important network factor for a “good” Cloud PC

Cloud Windows User Experience Influencers

Let's focus on the network parameters and the remoting protocol





Advice 3

Adapt the specifications of the Cloud PCs to the requirements of the user types (personas)



Individual requirements

- **Logon time / reconnection time**
- **User input delay (“lag”)**
- **Screen refresh rate and graphic quality**
- **App start time and app compatibility**

Personas, Requirements & VM Types



	Persona Name	VM Specs		Network		VM Type Examples
	Task Worker	CPU Memory GPU	2-4 vCPUs minimum of 2GB no	Bandwidth Latency Packet loss	low 0-200ms 0-2%	Win365 Basic or Standard Azure D2s_v5, D2ads_v5
	Information Worker	CPU Memory GPU	2-4 vCPUs minimum of 4GB no	Bandwidth Latency Packet loss	low 0-100ms 0-1%	Win365 Standard or Premium Azure D4s_v5, D4ads_v5
	Knowledge Worker	CPU Memory GPU	4-8 vCPUs minimum of 8GB no or shared	Bandwidth Latency Packet loss	medium 0-50ms 0-0.5%	Win365 Premium or GPU Standard Azure D8s_v5, D8ads_v5 NG8ads_V620_v1
	Power User	CPU Memory GPU	4-16 vCPUs minimum of 16GB shared or dedicated	Bandwidth Latency Packet loss	medium 0-50ms 0-0.1%	Win365 Premium+ or GPU Standard Azure D16s_v5, D16ads_v5 NG16ads_V620_v1, NC4as_T4_v3
	CAD/CAM Designer	CPU Memory GPU	8-16 vCPUs minimum of 16GB high-end	Bandwidth Latency Packet loss	high 0-20ms 0%	Win365 GPU Super or GPU Max Azure NG16ads_V620_v1 NC8as_T4_v3, NC16as_T4_v3
	Media Designer	CPU Memory GPU	8-16 vCPUs minimum of 16GB high-end	Bandwidth Latency Packet loss	very high 0-30ms 0%	Win365 GPU Super or GPU Max Azure NG16ads_V620_v1 NC16as_T4_v3, NC16as_T4_v3

Three Ways to User Happiness (or not)



- Optimize your Cloud PCs so that all relevant application types behave the same as on physical machines (if possible)
- Understand that bandwidth is not the only important network factor for a “good” Cloud PC
- Adapt the specifications of the Cloud PCs to the requirements of the user types (personas)

From Darkness to Brightness



- Don't walk in the dark: Test labs and POCs are your friends
 - **Check VM specs** and select adequate VM types (performance vs. price)
 - **Analyze network constraints** and consider VM location change
 - **Identify personas** based on app and user requirements
- Ask simple and clearly defined questions that can be answered by experiments (the “MythBusters” principle)
- Both quantitative data (= scores) and qualitative data (= shades) are the prerequisite for rating user happiness
- Human intervention is an integral part of the rating process
 - Inform selected users regularly about the status and listen to them

Call to Action

If you want to learn more about
EUC Score, send me an email

info@eucscore.com



<https://eucscore.com>

<https://eucscore.com/results>

NOTE: The EUC Score toolset is free for
community benchmarking tests when the
results are made freely available to the public



EUC Score Links

<https://eucscore.com>



Home Page

<https://eucscore.com/freeware>



Freeware Download

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- Toolset documentation: <https://docs.eucscore.com>
- Test Methodology: <https://eucscore.com/methodology.html>
- Simload Gallery: <https://eucscore.com/gallery.html>
- Test Results (Sync Player): <https://eucscore.com/results>
- Terminology (Glossary): <https://eucscore.com/terminology.html>
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Thank You

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